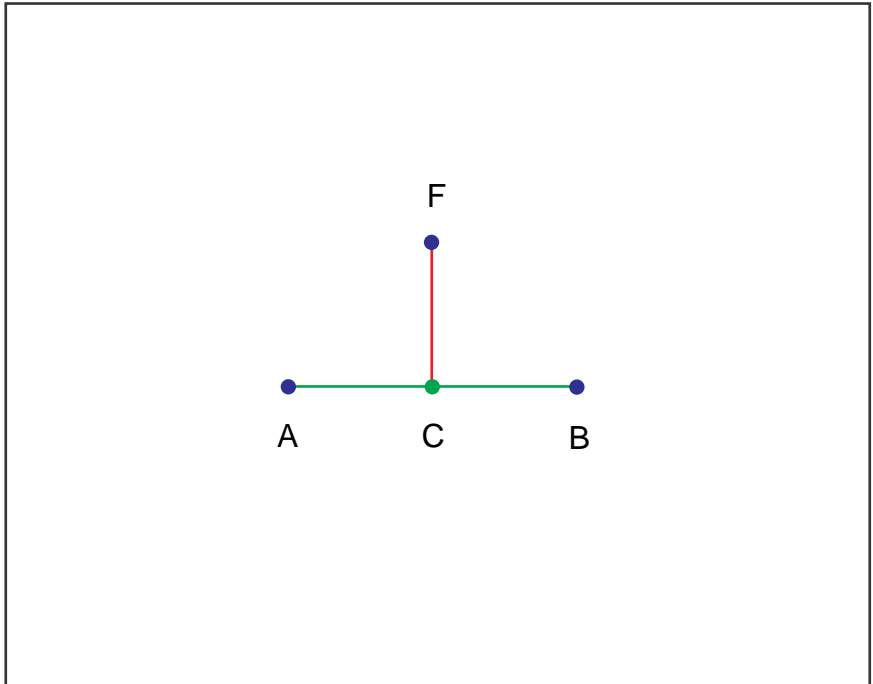
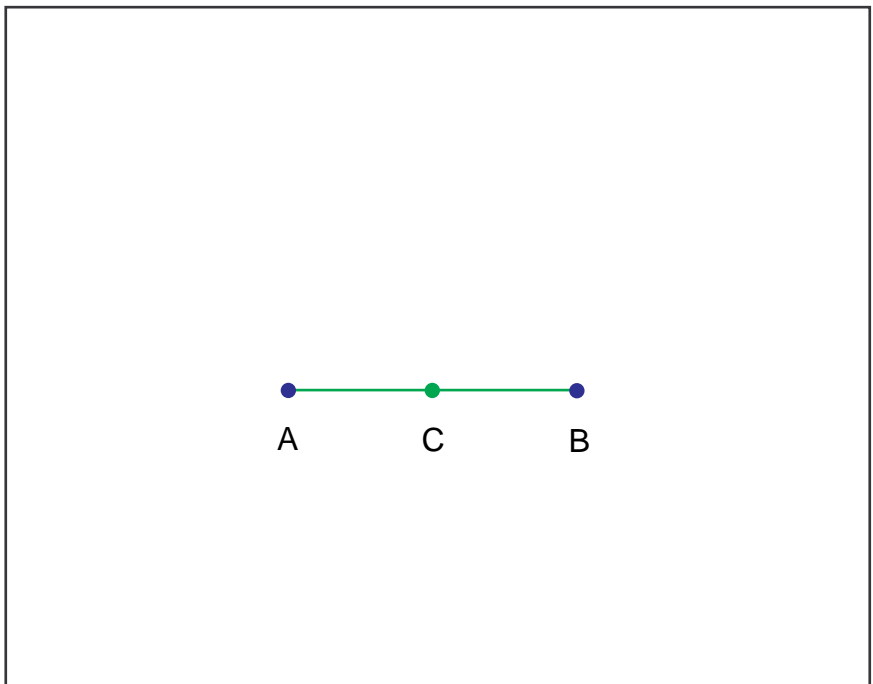


Construction 6: Book I, Proposition 11

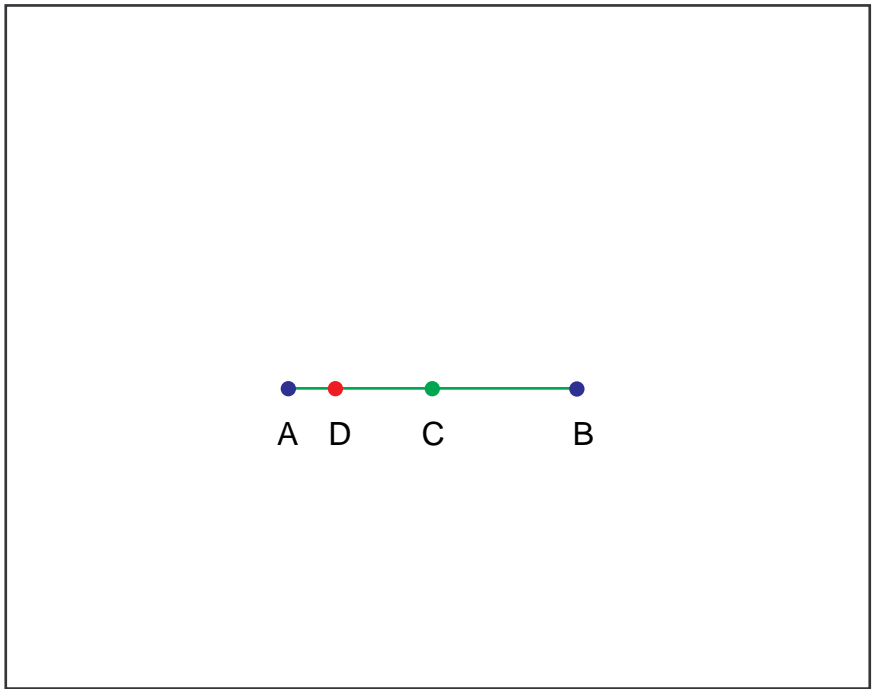
To draw a straight line at right angles to a given straight line from a given point on it.



I.11:3. Let AB be the given straight line, and C the given point on it.



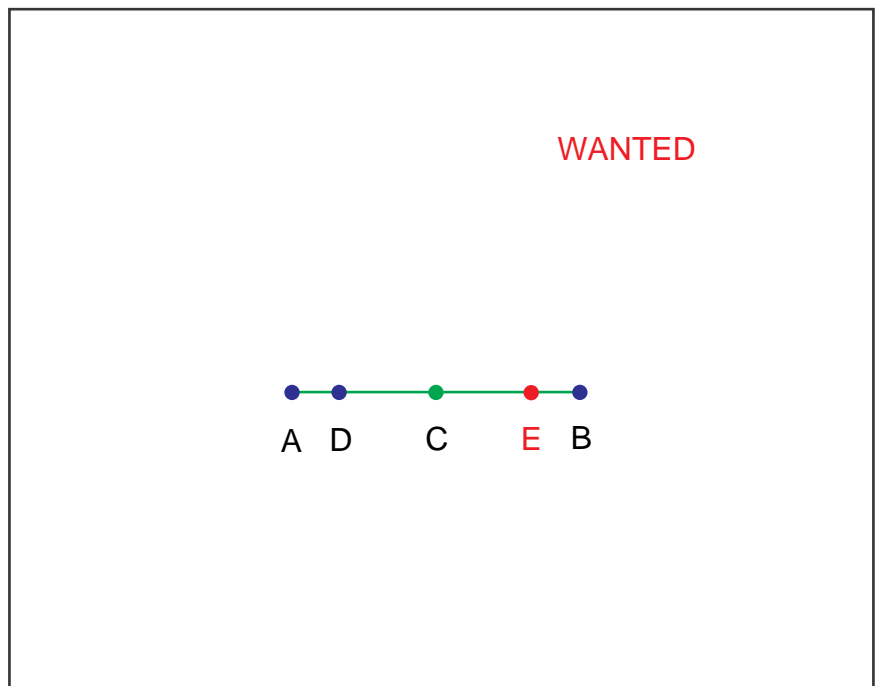
I.11:8. Let a point D be taken at random on AC;



I.11:10. let CE be made equal to CD; [I.3]

GOSUB I.3.

Relabel.



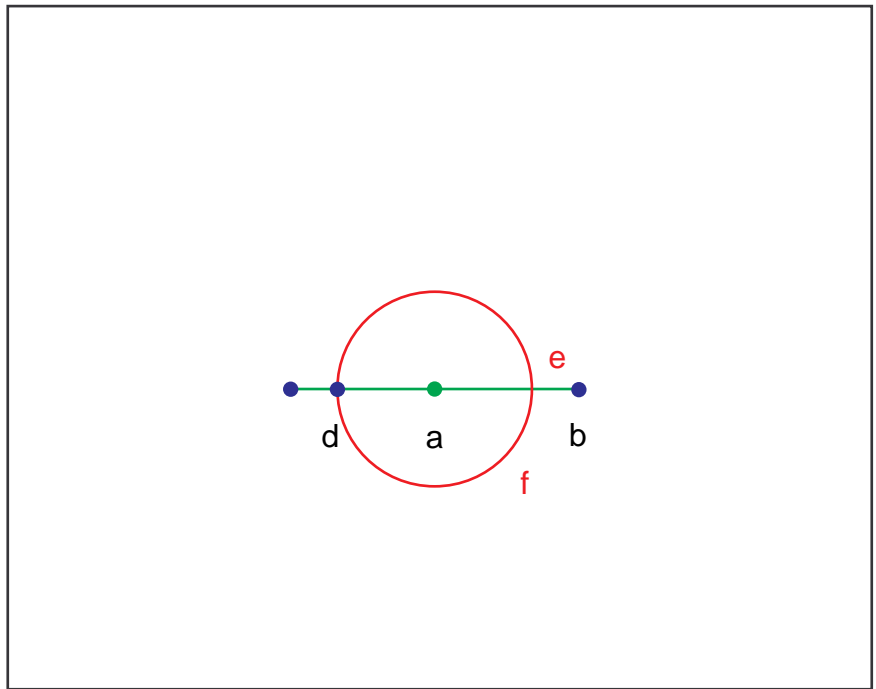
I.3:12. and with centre a and distance ad let the circle def be described. [Post.3]

Cleanup.

Relabel.

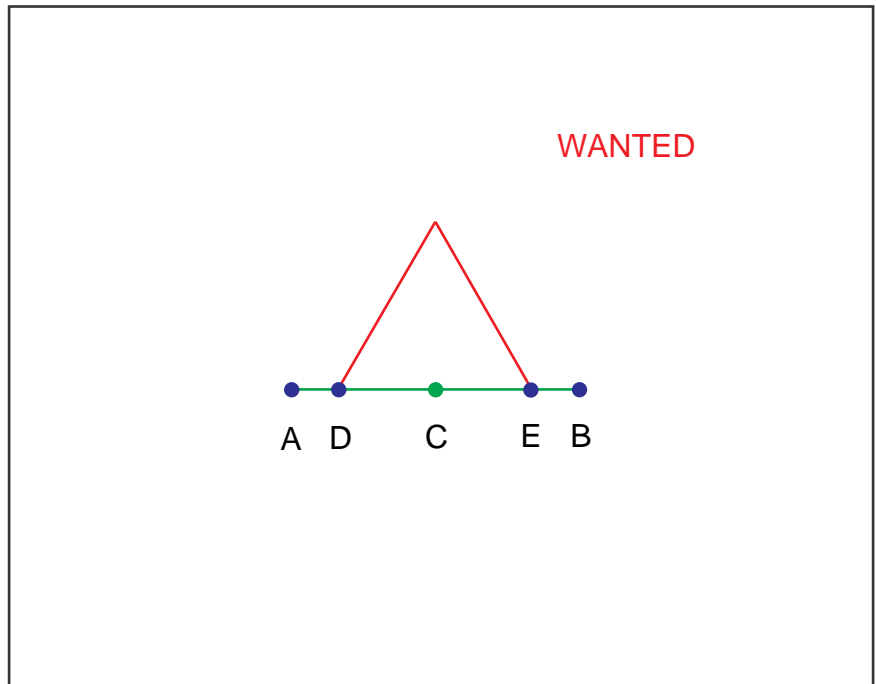
RETURN to I.11 at line 10.

\

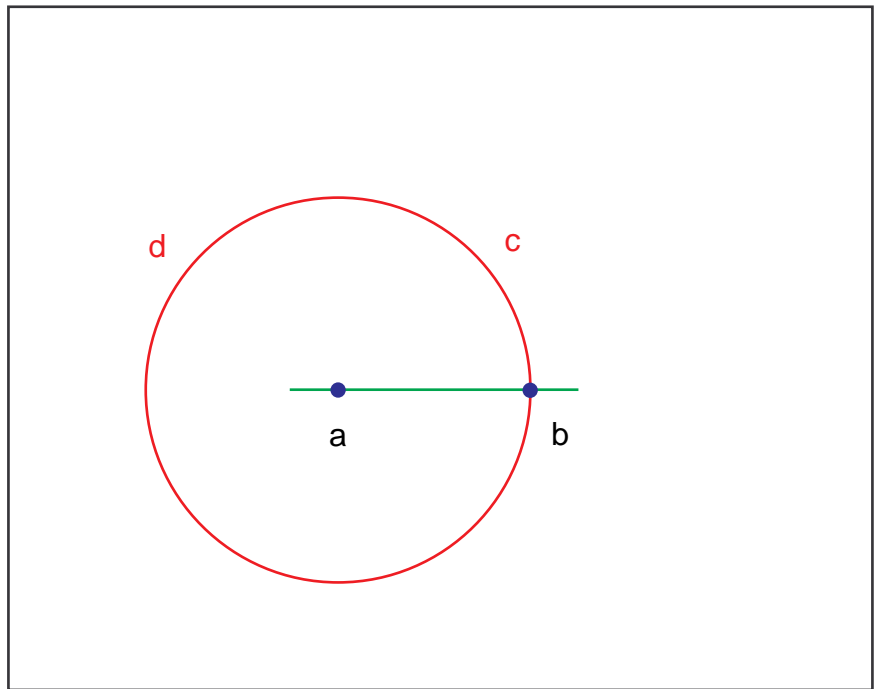


I.11:11. on DE let the equilateral triangle FDE be constructed, [I.1]

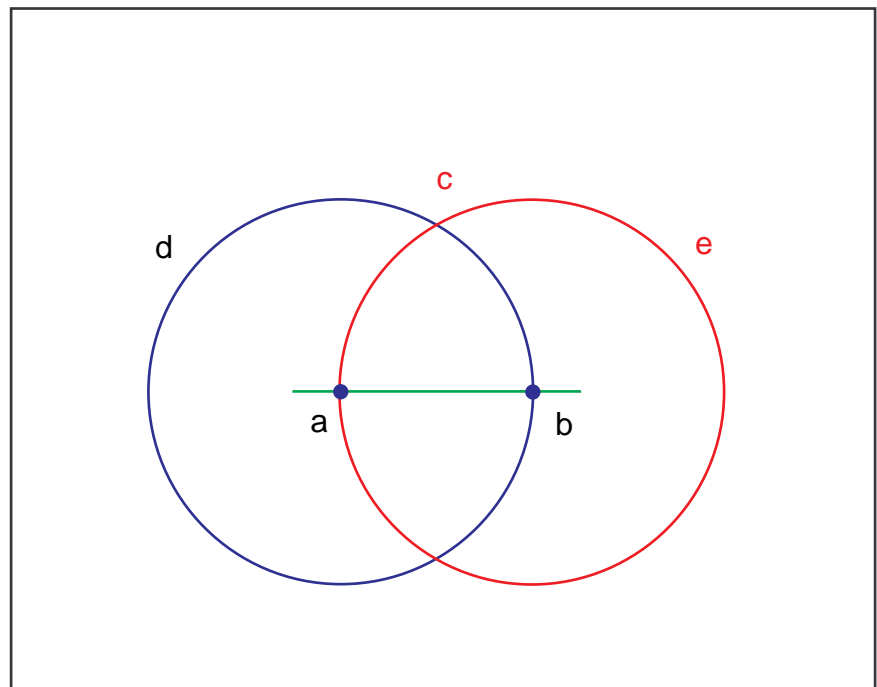
GOSUB I.1. Relabel .



I.1:7. with centre a and distance ab let the circle bcd be described; [Post.3]

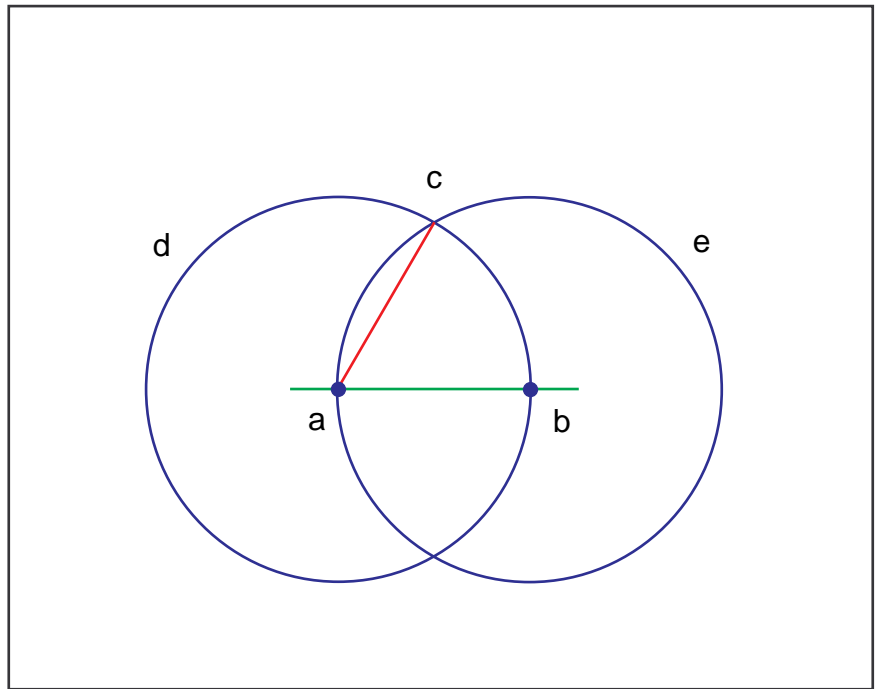


I.1:10. again, with centre b and distance ba let the circle ace be described; [Post.3]



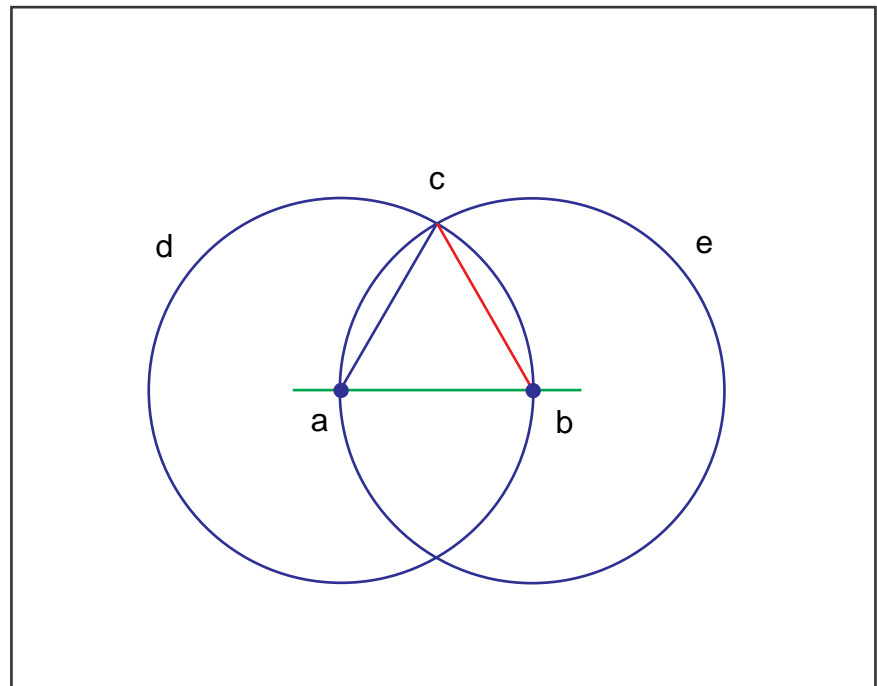
I.1:13. and from the point c, in which the circles cut one another, to the points a, b let the straight lines ca, cb be joined. [Post.1]

(first, ca).



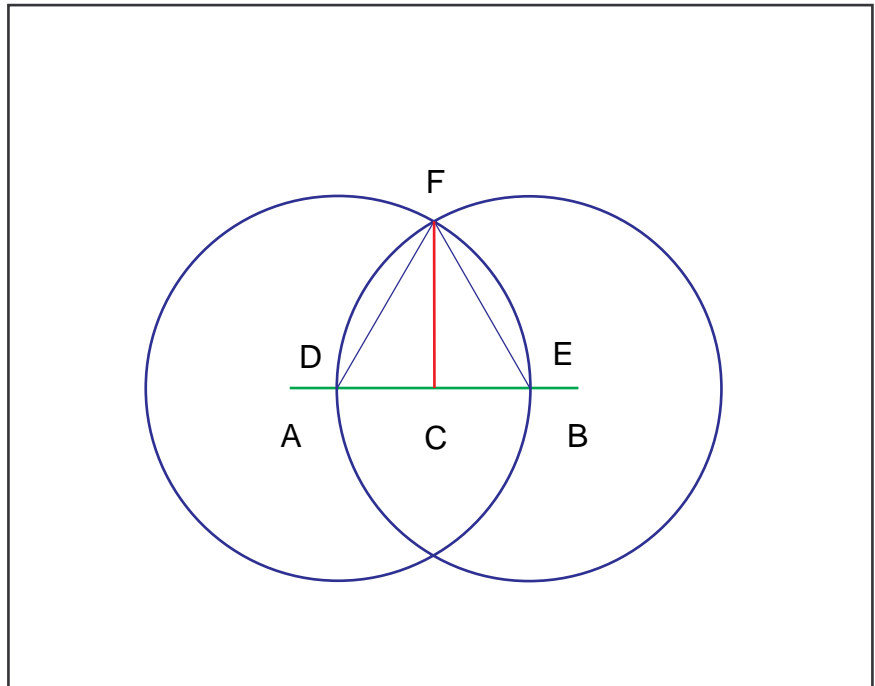
(then cb).

Relabel and RETURN to I.11 at line 11. We keep the two circles as the equilateral triangle is actually unnecessary.



I.11:13. and let FC be joined;

Cleanup.



I.11:28. Therefore the straight line CF has been drawn at right angles to the given straight line AB at the given point C on it.

Q.E.F.

